RESEARCH PROJECTS

- 1. The role of cytokine filtration during in lung transplantation
- 2. Reconditioning of marginal donor lung in ex vivo lung perfusion system using perfluorocarbon based oxygen carrier
- 3. Inhibition of ischemia reperfusion injury using ATP sensitive potassium channel modulators in ex vivo lung perfusion system in lung transplantation
- 4. Protective effect of NAD⁺ during organ preservation solution and during ex vivo lung perfusion in lung transplantation.
- 5. A small animal model for reconditioning marginal donor lung in ex vivo lung perfusion system using an advanced perfluorocarbon emulsion before transplantation.
- 6. Sub-normothermic ex vivo lung perfusion in small animal model
- 7. The role of cytokine filtration during ex vivo lung perfusion
- 8. Ex vivo reconditioning of donor lungs with Trimetazidine after prolonged cold ischemia
- 9. Ex vivo reconditioning of donor lungs with inhaled N-Acetyl cysteine after prolonged cold ischemia
- 10. Ex vivo evaluation and resuscitation of human donor lungs rejected for transplantation.
- 11. Reconditioning of category 3 non-heart beating donor lungs insulted to gastric aspiration: Utilization of ex vivo lung perfusion system.
- 12. Prevention of primary graft dysfunction in lung transplantation by N-Acetylcysteine after prolonged cold ischemia.
- 13. Ex vivo reconditioning of marginal donor lungs injured by acid aspiration.
- 14. Impact of topical cooling solution and prediction of pulmonary graft viability from nonheart-beating donors
- 15. Attenuation of lung ischemia-reperfusion injury after lung transplantation using Nacetylcysteine (Rat Model)
- 16. Protection the energy status after ischemia and reduction of reperfusion injury in a rat single-lung transplant model using Trimetazidine
- 17. Attenuation of posttransplant lung ischemia-reperfusion injury with melatonin